

МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ
ХАРКІВСЬКИЙ НАЦІОНАЛЬНИЙ ЕКОНОМІЧНИЙ УНІВЕРСИТЕТ
ІМЕНІ СЕМЕНА КУЗНЕЦЯ

ЗАТВЕРДЖЕНО

на засіданні кафедри
правового регулювання економіки
Протокол № 7 від 15.12.2023 р.

ПОГОДЖЕНО

Проректор з навчально-методичної роботи

Каріна НЕМАШКАЛО



МІЖНАРОДНЕ ПРАВО

робоча програма навчальної дисципліни (РПНД)

Галузь знань **29 «Міжнародні відносини»**
Спеціальність **292 «Міжнародні економічні відносини»**
Освітній рівень **перший (бакалаврський)**
Освітня програма **«Міжнародний бізнес»**

Статус дисципліни
Мова викладання, навчання та оцінювання

обов'язкова
англійська

Розробники:

к.ю.н., доцент

к.е.н., доцент

Завідувач кафедри
правового регулювання економіки

Гарант програми

Підписано КЕП

Олена ОСТАПЕНКО

Ганна БРУСІЛЬЦЕВА

Юрій ШИНКАРЬОВ

Наталія ПАРХОМЕНКО

Харків

2023

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE
SIMON KUZNETS KHARKIV NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF ECONOMICS

APPROVED

at the meeting of the department
of Legal regulation of the Economy

Protocol № 7 of 15.12.2023.

AGREED

Vice-rector of educational and methodical
work

Karina NEMASHKALO



INTERNATIONAL LAW

Program of the course

Field of knowledge **29 «International relations»**
Speciality **292 «International economic relations»**
Study cycle **First (bachelor)**
Study programme «**International business»**

Course status
Language

Mandatory
English

Developers
PhD (Law)
Associate professor
PhD (Economics)
Associate professor

Digitally signed

Olena OSTAPENKO

Hanna BRUSILTSEVA

Head of the Department of Legal regulation
of the Economy

Yuriy SHINKARIOV

Head of Study Programme

Natalia PARKHOMENKO

Kharkiv

2023

INTRODUCTION

The actuality of the course and its necessity and role in the training of specialists. Academic discipline «International law» provides the possibility to acquire in-depth knowledge of the peculiarities of legal regulation of international relations. Study of the discipline «International law» directed on forming students' knowledge about: theoretical and legal approaches to the categories «international public law» and «international private law»; forming students' knowledge and practical skills of operation with international agreements, others international acts, cases of the UN International Court of Justice and international arbitrations, as well as judicial practice in civil cases with a foreign element, provisions of the current legislation of Ukraine regulating private legal relations, etc.; formation of students' abilities and skills to solve analytical tasks and practical cases in accordance with the course program based on the analysis of sources of international public and private law; development of students' analytical mind skills, ability to logically and professionally assess modern interstate relations in view of international public law, justify and express their position concerning application of norms aimed at regulating private legal relations with a foreign element; development of legal consciousness and formation of legal culture of higher education students.

The study of the course "International Law" higher education institutions is important in the general system of training future specialists, contributing to the development of general legal culture, providing deep knowledge in the field of international legal order; contributes to the formation of analytical thinking, a clear analysis of the content of legal relations and the correct application of legal norms.

The purpose of the course "International Law" is training of future specialists capable of independently applying the provisions of international public and private law legislation, practical abilities and skills in the correct interpretation and application of international normative legal acts and current national legislation, judicial and arbitration practice, necessary for their future work as specialists in the field of international relations.

The tasks of the course are to understand the meaning of the categories of international law, the formation of the students' of the system of competencies necessary for the implementation, protection and protection of rights in the field of international relations.

The subject of the course is theoretical, legislative and practical provisions on the legal regulation of international relations.

The object of the course is the system of international legal relations, the content of the doctrine, basic theories and concepts of international law, international legal concepts and definitions, principles and norms of international law, theoretical foundations of law-making and law-enforcing activities of subjects of international law.

The learning outcomes and competencies formed by the course are defined in table 1.

Learning outcomes and competencies formed by the course

Learning outcomes	Competencies
LO1	SC9
LO4	SC9
LO5	GC10, SC9
LO6	GC1
LO8	GC1
LO15	GC1, IC
LO16	GC 1, SC9
LO19	SC9
LO21	SC10
LO22	GC1
LO26	GC1
LO27	SC9
LO29	GC1, SC12.

where LO1. Be responsible for professional self-improvement, realizing the need for lifelong learning, show tolerance and readiness for innovative changes.

LO4. Systematize and organize the received information about processes and phenomena in the world economy; evaluate and explain the influence of endogenous and exogenous factors on them; formulate conclusions and develop recommendations taking into account the peculiarities of the national and international environment.

LO5. Possess the skills of self-analysis (self-control), be understandable to representatives of other business cultures and professional groups of different levels (with specialists from other fields of knowledge/types of activity) on the basis of valuing diversity, multiculturalism, tolerance and respect for them.

LO6. Plan, organize, motivate, evaluate and increase the effectiveness of collective work, carry out research in a group under the leadership of a leader, taking into account the requirements and features of today in conditions of limited time.

LO8. To understand, highlight and describe new phenomena, processes and trends of global development, mechanisms and tools for implementing economic policy and world integration / disintegration processes, including Euro-Atlantic integration.

LO15. Determine the functional features, nature, level and degree of relationships between subjects of international economic relations of different levels and establish communications between them.

LO16. Demonstrate knowledge of the state of research in international economic relations and the world economy in an interdisciplinary combination with political, legal, and natural sciences.

LO19. Understand and apply current legislation, international regulatory documents and agreements, reference materials, current standards and technical conditions, etc. in the field of international economic relations.

LO21. Understand and have skills in conducting business protocol and business etiquette in the field of international economic relations, taking into account

the peculiarities of intercultural communication at the professional and social levels, both in state and foreign languages

LO22. Apply appropriate methods, rules and principles of functioning of international economic relations for the development of Ukraine's foreign economic activity.

LO26. To manage international business, form, develop and implement strategies for personnel management of an international company, marketing, competitive, innovative, financial activities and others, taking into account the direction of activity of the subject of international business, taking into account the priorities of the smart-specialization of the Kharkiv region.

LO27. Apply the acquired knowledge to solve applied problems in the areas of planning, analysis, organization and control of international business.

LO29. Make and substantiate management decisions regarding the creation and operation of entrepreneurial structures, promoting the internationalization of business in the sector of small and medium enterprises.

Integral competence: the ability to solve complex specialized tasks and practical problems in a certain field of professional activity or in the learning process, which involves the application of certain theories and methods of the relevant science and which is characterized by the complexity and uncertainty of conditions.

GC 1. The ability to realize own rights and duties as a member of society, to realize the values of a civil (free democratic) society and the need for its sustainable development, the rule of law, the rights and freedoms of a person and a citizen in Ukraine.

GC10. Ability to communicate with representatives of other professional groups at different levels (with experts from other fields of knowledge/types of economic activity).

SC9. The ability to diagnose the state of research in international economic relations and the world economy in an interdisciplinary combination with political, legal, and natural sciences.

SC10. The ability to justify the feasibility of using legal, economic and diplomatic methods (means) to resolve conflict situations at the international level.

SC12. Ability to use legislative acts and reference materials when performing professional activities in the field of international economic relations.

COURSE CONTENT

Content module 1. General part

Topic 1. International law as a branch of law. The main principles of international law.

The concept, features and functions of international law. Subject of international law. Public international law as a special part of law. Origin and

development of international law. The relationship between international and national law. State interests, policy and international law.

Topic 2. The sources of international law. General principles of international law

The concept, peculiarities and classification of international legal rules. The concept and kinds of sources of international law. International treaty as a main source of international law. International custom. General principles of law. Additional sources of international law.

The concept and peculiarities of general principles of international law. The characteristic of principles of international law: the principle of refraining from the threat or use of force in international relations; the principle of sovereign equality of states; the principle of settling international disputes by peaceful means; the principle of non-interference in matters within the domestic jurisdiction of states; the principle of international cooperation; the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples. The principle of fulfilling international obligations in good faith. The principle of territorial integrity of states. The principle of respect for fundamental rights and freedoms. The principle of inviolability of the state borders.

Topic 3. The subjects of international law

International legal recognition and succession of the states. The concept and kinds of the subjects of international law. State as a main subject of international law. International legal personality of peoples, nations fighting for their independence. International legal personality of international non-governmental organizations. Legal personality of state-like formations. The problems of recognition of international legal personality of individuals and legal persons.

The concept, forms and types of recognition in international law. The concept of succession in international law.

Topic 4. Responsibility in international law.

The concept and grounds of international legal responsibility. International illegal acts as a factual grounds of international legal responsibility. Classification of international offences. Serious violations of international legal obligations arising from mandatory norms of general law. Distinguishing international offences from similar (related) acts. Circumstances excluding international illegality.

Types and form of international responsibility. Political and material legal responsibility. Peculiarities of responsibility of international organization. Responsibility of subjects of international law for harmful consequences of actions not prohibited by international law. Sanctions and countermeasures.

Methods of solving international disputes.

Topic 5. Territory in international law.

Concepts and types of territories in international law. State territory and its parts.

The concept of state borders, their types and methods of establishment. International territory. Territory with a mixed regime. Territory with a special regime.

Content module 2. Special part

Topic 6. Law of international treaties.

The concept and source of international treaties. The essence, form, title and structure of international treaties. Classification of international treaties. Parties of international treaty. The order and stages of international treaties concluding. Registration and publication of international treaties. Interpretation of international treaties.

Entry into force and application of international treaty. Conditions of validity and invalidity of international treaty. Amendments to international treaties. Termination of treaties and suspension of the operation of treaties.

Topic 7. The law of external relations.

The concept and source of law of external relations. System of bodies of external relations. General provisions of diplomatic law. General provisions of consular law. The law of special missions. General provisions of diplomatic law of international organizations.

Topic 8. International human rights law.

Formation and development of international human rights law. Concept of international human rights law. The source of international human rights law. The main universal international legal acts in the field of protection of human rights and freedoms and the activities of bodies that monitor their observance. The main regional international legal acts in the sphere of protection of human rights and freedoms and the activities of bodies that monitor their observance. Ukraine's fulfilment of international obligations in the field of human rights protection.

Topic 9. The law of international organizations

The concept of law of international organization, its source. The concept, features and classification of international governmental organization. International personality and structure of international organization. United Nation: missions, system of bodies, their authorities. Regional governmental organizations. International conferences.

Topic 10. International private law

The concept of international private law. The sources of international private law. The concept and types of foreign elements. Conflict regulation of private law relations complicated by a foreign element. The main provisions of the Law of Ukraine «On international private law». Basic concepts of private international law.

Topic 11. International economic law

The concept of international economic law. System of international economic law. Sources of international economic law. Principles of international economic law. The concept of international economic relations. Subjects of international economic law. Main branches of international economic law.

Topic 12. Foreign economic agreements

The concept and features of foreign economic agreements. The order of concluding of foreign economic agreements. Forms of foreign economic agreements. Amendments to foreign economic agreements. Termination of foreign economic agreement.

The list of practical (seminar) / laboratory studies in the course is given in table 2.

Table 2

The list of practical (seminar)) / laboratory studies

Name of the topic and/or task	Content
Topic 1. Task 1.	Concept of international law. Relationship between international and national law. Trends of the development of international law. Historical development of international law.
Topic 2. Task 2.	Types of the sources of international law. Peculiarities of the sources of international law. Custom, its peculiarities. «Soft law». Principle of non-interference in internal affairs. Principle of refraining from the threat or use of force in international relations. Racial discrimination.
Topic 3. Task 3.	Status of EU as a subject of international law. Kinds of subjects of international law. The law of self-determination.
Topic 4. Task 4.	International court of Justice. Using ad hoc. Participation of the parties in the judicial process of the International court of Justice. Jurisdiction of International court of Justice. Unfriendly actions. Methods of solving disputes.
Topic 5. Task 5.	Territory and state borders. Transfer of territorial sea. Enclaves. No man's land. Dispute about the strait.
Topic 6. Task 6.	International conventions. Concept of international treaty. Mechanism of treaty conclusion. Performing of international treaty. Entry into force of international treaty. Termination of international treaty. Recognition of international treaty as an invalid.
Topic 7. Task 7.	Diplomatic immunities. The order for applying to the embassy and consulate Provision of asylum. Consular relations.
Topic 8. Task 8.	Human rights. Classification of human rights and freedoms. Human rights in the Constitution of Ukraine. International

	acts in the field of human rights protection. International bodies and establishments in the field of human rights. Citizenship. European convention of citizenship. Extradition.
Topic 9. Task 9.	International organizations: concept, kinds. UN General Assembly.
Topic 10. Task 10.	International private law: concept, sources, content, principles. International public and international private law: comparative characteristics.
Topic 11. Task 11.	Economic integration. International private law and international economic law: comparative characteristics. International economic law and law of foreign economic activity.
Topic 12. Task 12.	Foreign economic activity. Foreign economic agreements. Subjects of foreign economic activity. Principles of foreign economic activity Legal regimes.

The list of self-studies in the course is given in table 3.

Table 3

List of self-studies

Name of the topic and/or tas	Content
Topic 1- 12	Study lectures. Analysis of international legal acts.Solving the tasks – model situations.
Topic 5, 12.	Preparation for the colloquium
Topic 6.	Analysis of international legal acts. Solving the tasks – model situations.
Topic 9.	Conducting creative task.
Topic 10.	Writing an essay.
Topic 11.	Conducting individual task.

The number of hours of lectures, practical (seminar) studies and hours of self-study is given in the technological card of the course.

TEACHING METHODS

In the process of teaching the course, in order to acquire certain learning outcomes, to activate the educational process, it is envisaged to use such teaching methods as:

Verbal: lecture (Topics 1-12), problem lecture (Topics 1-12), discussion (Topics 1-12).

Visual: demonstration (Topics 1-12), presentation (Topics 1-12).

Practical study: (Topics 1-12) (Topics 1-12), essay (Topic 10), creative tasks (Topics 9, 11), cases (Topics 4, 5).

Control: tests (Topics 1-12), writing control (Topics 5,12), final control (exam).

Self-study work – Analysis of international legal acts (Topics 1-12).

Additionally, dialogic teaching methods are used (methods of activating educational and cognitive actions), in particular, analysis of a specific situation (Topics 1-12), «brain storm» (Topic 5), educational and thematic discussion (Topics 1-12), professional consultation (Topics 1-12).

FORMS AND METHODS OF ASSESSMENT

The university uses a 100-point accumulative system for evaluating the learning outcomes of higher education students.

Current control is carried out during lectures, practical, laboratory and seminar classes and is aimed at checking the level of readiness of the student to perform a specific job and is evaluated by the amount of points scored:

for courses with a form of semester control as an exam: maximum amount is 60 points; minimum amount required is 35 points.

Semester control is carried out in the form of a semester exam or grading.

The final grade in the course is determined:

for disciplines with a form of exam, the final grade is the amount of all points received during the current control and the exam grade.

During the teaching of the course, the following control measures are used:

Current control: solving the tasks – model situations (maximum score for each task - 5 points), individual task (10 points) or two creative tasks as a presentation or crossword (5 points for each), written control work (5 points), essay (5 points).

So, the total number of points will be 40 points for solving tasks - model situations, individual or 2 creative tasks 10 points and 2 written control 10 points.

Semester control: Grading including Exam (40 points).

More detailed information on the assessment system is provided in technological card of the course.

An example of an exam card and assessment criteria.

Example of exam card

1. **Subject and methods of international public law (stereotypical level).**

2. **Tests (diagnostic level):**

1) The universally binding, formally defined rules of behaviour of subjects of international law, establishing their rights and obligations, the implementation of which is ensured by the appropriate international legal mechanism, are (Choose one answer):

- a. Institute of international law
- b. Norm of international law
- c. Sub institute of international law
- d. Branch of international law

2) Give a definition of the type of sanctions applied in response to an unfriendly act, unfair, prejudicial policies of another subject, but within the limits allowed by international law (Choose one answer):

- a. Retortion
- b. Restitution
- c. Satisfaction
- d. Reprisals.

3) The Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969 applies to (Choose one answer):

- a. only states and international organizations
- b. any participants in international relations
- c. only international organizations
- d. only states.

4) The following rights belong to the first generation of human rights (Choose one or more answers):

- a. civil
- b. ecological
- c. cultural
- d. social
- e. economical
- f. political

5) Succession in international law does not extend to (Choose one answer):

- a. State budget
- b. state archives
- c. state debts
- d. state property

6) General principles of international law are fixed by (Choose one or more answers):

- a. Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969 (art. 53)
- b. UN Charter 1945
- c. Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, adopted by the General Assembly of the UN 1970 .
- d. Pact about political and economic rights 1966 (art. 15-1)
- e. Declaration on the Inadmissibility of Intervention and Interference in the Internal Affairs of States, 1981, part II

7) Appeal to international arbitration as a means of solving an international dispute in modern international law is (Choose one answer):

- a. mandatory for solving territorial disputes
- b. exclusively voluntary (by mutual agreement of the parties)
- c. mandatory for the resolution of disputes regarding citizens of the parties
- d. mandatory

8) Consular exequatur is (Choose one answer):

- a. the permission of the receiving state for the admission of the head of the consular institution to perform his functions within the consular district
- b. state permission for a consul to travel to a neighbouring consular district
- c. permission of the state to create a consular district
- d. permission regarding the provision of payment services by the consulate in the currency of the host country
- e. permission of the state to establish a consular department at a diplomatic mission

9) General principles of law in accordance with Clause 1 of Art. 38 of the Charter of the UN International Court of Justice (Choose one answer):

- a. Rules of soft international law
- b. Doctrine of international law
- c. An auxiliary tool for determining legal norms
- d. The main source of international law

10) The natural spaces of the Earth with its land and water surface, subsoil and airspace, outer space and heavenly bodies located in it, as well as artificial objects and structures (space objects, stationary marine platforms) are : (Choose one answer):

- a. the concept of territory in international law
- b. the concept of state territory
- c. the concept of territory with the mixed legal regime
- d. the concept of international territory
- e. the concept of territory of international organization.

3. Heuristic level

Task 1. Armed clashes between separatists and government armed forces are taking place in the state of A. The separatists control the northern territory of the state and demand secession to create an independent state. They appealed to the international community for help in their struggle and declared their readiness to unite in an alliance with any state to oppose the armed forces of State A.

In response to the statement, the neighbouring state B responded, provided the separatists with weapons and promised to finance the armed struggle of the separatists against the government forces.

Give an assessment of the actions of the state of B. in accordance with the norms of international law.

Task 2. One of the progressive forms of international cooperation is the joint activity of states within the framework of special institutions created by them, starting from the middle of the 19th century, which were called intergovernmental organizations. Having certain powers in the field of regulation of this or that category of international relations, such structures are subjects of international law, whose competence and scope of international legal personality are limited, and their legal status is characterized by a number of peculiarities.

Which structure of international organizations

Highlight areas of Ukraine's cooperation with international organizations.

Assessment criteria for exam card of the course "International Law"

According to the competency approach, examination papers have three levels:

- 1) stereotypical (consists of one theoretical question);
- 2) diagnostic (consist of 10 tests);
- 3) heuristic (consist of 2 tasks – model situations).

Answers to the first task of the stereotypical level provide an opportunity to reveal how the student possesses systematic knowledge of the educational material, namely: how the characteristics and content of international public law, the relationship between public international and private international law were learned; objects, subject and subjects of international legal relations; sources of international public law, correlation and interrelation of domestic (national) and international law; special terminology, etc.

Answers to questions at the situational level demonstrate the ability to distinguish between international public and international private law, subjects of international law, the correct application of domestic and international law, etc., and as a result, correctly choose the answers to all questions in the tests.

The answer to questions of the heuristic level should reveal the ability to creatively and effectively work out the basic knowledge of the educational material, correctly apply the legislation, and give an absolutely correct reasoned answer.

Each level of questions is scored separately, and the overall score is calculated as a weighted sum of the scores for each question. Quantitative indicator (point) is set depending on the degree of performance of the task. The maximum score for the exam is 40.

The task of the stereotypical level is presented in the form of one theoretical question, which must be revealed (provide a description of the content). The correct answer to the question is evaluated - 10 points. The task of the diagnostic level is presented in the form of various tests, each correct answer - 1 point.

The maximum number of points for the first two tasks is 20.

Heuristic level (20 points): 10 points are assessed for each correct and justified solution to the situational task. In general, for the correct solving of the third task students get 20 points.

RECOMMENDED LITERATURE

Main

1. Мельченко Р. Г. Міжнародне право [Текст] : навч. посіб. / Р. Г. Мельченко . – Харків : Право, 2020. – 107 с.
<https://ush.kiev.ua:8443/khkhneu/DocumentDescription?docid=KhKNEU.BibRecord.208409>
2. Бестужева С. В. Міжнародна економічна діяльність України [Електронний ресурс] : навчально-практичний посібник / С. В. Бестужева.

– X. : XHEY ім. С. Кузнеця, 2019. – 194 с.
<http://www.repository.hneu.edu.ua/handle/123456789/20575>

Normative legal acts:

3. Declaration on the principles of international law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations, URL: <https://digitallibrary.un.org/record/202170>
4. European Convention of Human Rights, URL: https://www.echr.coe.int/documents/convention_eng.pdf
5. Helsinki Final Act on Security and Cooperation in Europe: URL: <https://www.osce.org/files/f/documents/5/c/39501.pdf>
6. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights URL: <https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/international-covenant-economic-social-and-cultural-rights>
7. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights URL: <https://www.ohchr.org/en/instruments-mechanisms/instruments/international-covenant-civil-and-political-rights>
8. Saloid S.V., Redko K.Yu.. International economic law: lectures, URL: https://ela.kpi.ua/bitstream/123456789/38464/1/International_economic_law.pdf
9. Statute of International Court of Justice, URL: https://legal.un.org/avl/pdf/ha/sicj/icj_statute_e.pdf
10. Vienna Convention on Succession of States in respect of Treaties 1978, URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/3_2_1978.pdf
11. Vienna Convention on Succession of States in respect of State Property, Archives and Debts 1983, URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/3_3_1983.pdf
12. Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties 1969, URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/1_1_1969.pdf
13. Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations 1986 URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/1_2_1986.pdf
14. Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations, 1961. URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/9_1_1961.pdf
- 15.12. Vienna Convention on Consular Relations, 1963 URL: https://legal.un.org/ilc/texts/instruments/english/conventions/9_2_1963.pdf
16. United Nation Charter, <https://www.un.org/en/about-us/un-charter/full-text>
17. Universal Declaration on Human Rights , URL: <https://www.un.org/en/about-us/universal-declaration-of-human-rights>

18. United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, URL: https://www.un.org/depts/los/convention_agreements/texts/unclos/unclos_e.pdf

Additional

19. Брусільцева Г.М. Особливості застосування міжнародного гуманітарного права по відношенню до цивільних осіб/ Г.М. Брусільцева/ Матеріали Науково-практичної конференції «Захист прав людини в умовах воєнного стану» (Харків, 31 січня 2023 року) - Харків : ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця, 2023. - 128 с. Режим доступу : <https://goo.su/kvz6>
20. Міжнародне право. Методичні рекомендації до практичних завдань і самостійної роботи студентів спеціальності 291 «Міжнародні відносини, суспільні комунікації та регіональні студії» першого (бакалаврського) рівня [Електронний ресурс] / уклад. О.М. Доценко; Харківський національний економічний університет ім. С. Кузнеця. – Електрон. текстові дан. (123 КБ). – Харків : ХНЕУ ім. С. Кузнеця, 2021. – 36 с.
21. Міжнародне публічне право : підручник : у 2 т. / В. В. Мицик, М. В. Буроменський, О. В. Буткевич та ін. ; за ред. В. В. Мицика. Харків : Право, 2019. Т. 1 : Основи теорії. 2019. 416 с.
22. Остапенко О. Г. Біпатризм: український та зарубіжний досвід // Юридичний науковий електронний журнал. 2021. № 12. – С. 76-79. DOI <https://doi.org/10.32782/2524-0374/2021-12/15> Остапенко Ю. І. Право СОТ. Курс лекцій. Харків : Право. 2021. 192 с.

Information resources:

23. Official site of the United Nation, www.un.org (Accessed 22.05.2023)
24. Official site of the European Union, www.europa.eu.int (Accessed 22.05.2023)
25. <https://pns.hneu.edu.ua/course/view.php?id=10895> сайт ПНС ХНЕУ ім. Семена Кузнеця